

The New DoD Systems Acquisition Process

KEY FOCUS AREAS

Deliver advanced technology to warfighters faster

- → Rapid acquisition with demonstrated technology
- → Full system demonstration before commitment to production

Reduce total ownership costs and improve affordability

- → Cost as a requirement that drives design, procurement, and support
- → Increased competition

Deploy interoperable and supportable systems

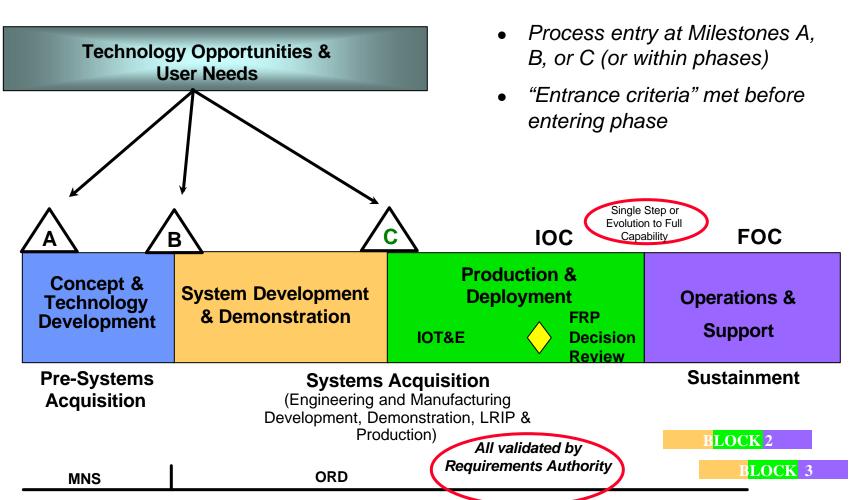
- → Interoperability demonstrated prior to production
- → Integration of acquisition and logistics
- → Improved software management

Improved performance (including quality) at lower cost.

New Model

- Technology opportunity and mission need present before entering acquisition process
- Multiple process paths not just one way of entering systems acquisition and commercial products allow later entry
- Evolutionary acquisition based on time-phased requirements - preferred (but not only) approach
- Technology development separated from systems integration - achieve proven technology before beginning systems-level work at Milestone B
- "LRIP" more important Departmental commitment than "Full Rate"
- "Entrance criteria" met -- before entering next phase
- Operations, Support, and Disposal part of acquisition process

The New 5000 Model



Relationship to Requirements Process

Total Ownership Costs

- Use market research and commercial products to increase competition
- Use Open Systems Architecture to reduce cost of technology insertions
- Use Dissimilar Competition non-head-to-head alternatives to meet capability need
- Increase use of Simulation Based Acquisition to reduce costs for hardware prototype
- Reprocurement reform -- based on business case analysis of predicted life, tech insertion opportunities, and cost reduction potential

Affordability

- Value addressed in the ORD by user
- Minimum number of mission-oriented Key Performance Parameters - to facilitate costperformance trades
- Affordability analysis -- at each milestone decision point

Interoperability

- Interoperability requirements identified as Key Performance Parameters (KPP)
- Use of a C4I Support Plan to discuss how to meet Interoperability KPP
- "System-of-systems" management approach
 - Capstone Requirements Documents
 - MDAs & Testers will ensure thorough understanding of critical system interfaces and flow of consistent/reliable data/information between systems in the battlefield
 - Mutual understanding of key systems in a mission area

Supportability

- Total life-cycle view, including operations, support, and disposal
- Increased emphasis on human factors and manpower
- Emphasis on reliability built into design
- Requirement for supportability to be addressed in acquisition strategy

Simulation Based Acquisition in the 5000 Series

DoDD 5000.1

- SBA addressed as part of "effective management"

DoDI 5000.2

-Discussed as part of "discovery" process and system demonstration

DoD 5000.2-R

-Covered in acquisition strategy, test and evaluation, and design section

Commitment to Implementation